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Inclusion-Exclusion Principle CS 491 – Competitive Programming

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Objectives

- Define the principle on inclusion / exclusion
- Use it to solve some actual problems

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Starting Example

From Project Euler probleme 1: If we list all the natural numbers below 10 that are multiples of 3 or 5, we get 3, 5, 6 and 9. The sum of these multiples is 23. Find the sum of all the multiples of 3 or 5 below 1000

- Try to find this out. Right now.
 - What did you have to do?

Second Example

Suppose your company has:

- 20 Java programmers
- 30 C programmers
- 20 Python programmers
- 15 know Java and C
- 10 know C and Python
- 10 know Java and Python
- 5 know all three.
- How many programmers know at least one of these languages?
- If you have 70 employees total, how many know none of these languages?

Primes

- From Geeks for Geeks: Given N prime numbers and a number M, find out how many numbers from 1 to M are divisible by any of the N given prime numbers.
- For this one, we need to make the powerset of the N primes. Use the bits of an integer: bit i set means we check for prime i.

Setup Code

```
int count(int primes[], int m, int n)
1
   ł
2
        int odd = 0, even = 0;
3
        int counter, i, j, p = 1;
4
        int pow_set_size = (1 << n);</pre>
5
6
        for (counter = 1;
7
             counter < pow_set_size;</pre>
8
             counter++) {
9
            p = 1;
10
            for (j = 0; j < n; j++) // check jth bit</pre>
11
                 if (counter & (1 << j))
12
                     p *= primes[j];
13
```

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Continued

1	// popcount counts number of set bit	ts
2	// if set bits is odd, then add to	
3	if (builtin_popcount(counter) & 1))
4	odd += (m / p);	
5	else	
6	even += (m / p);	
7	}	
8	return odd - even;	
9	}	